Imperial College London



Workshop Drought Vulnerability

Wouter Buytaert, Boris Ochoa, Barbara Orellana







The science – policy interface

10 – 12.30pm: The science – policy interface in water management (Wouter Buytaert)

A participatory monitoring network (Boris Ochoa)

Discussion

1.30 – 4pm: Changing Water Cycle: Hydrological Extremes and Feedbacks (Barbara Orellana)

Discussion and breakout working groups



The science – policy interface in water management Experiences from the Andes

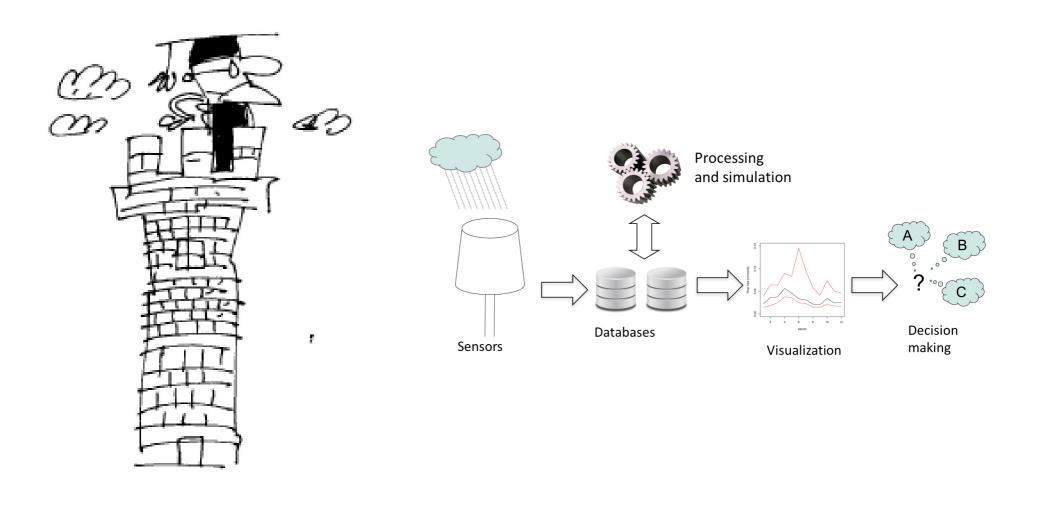


Wouter Buytaert w.buytaert@imperial.ac.uk

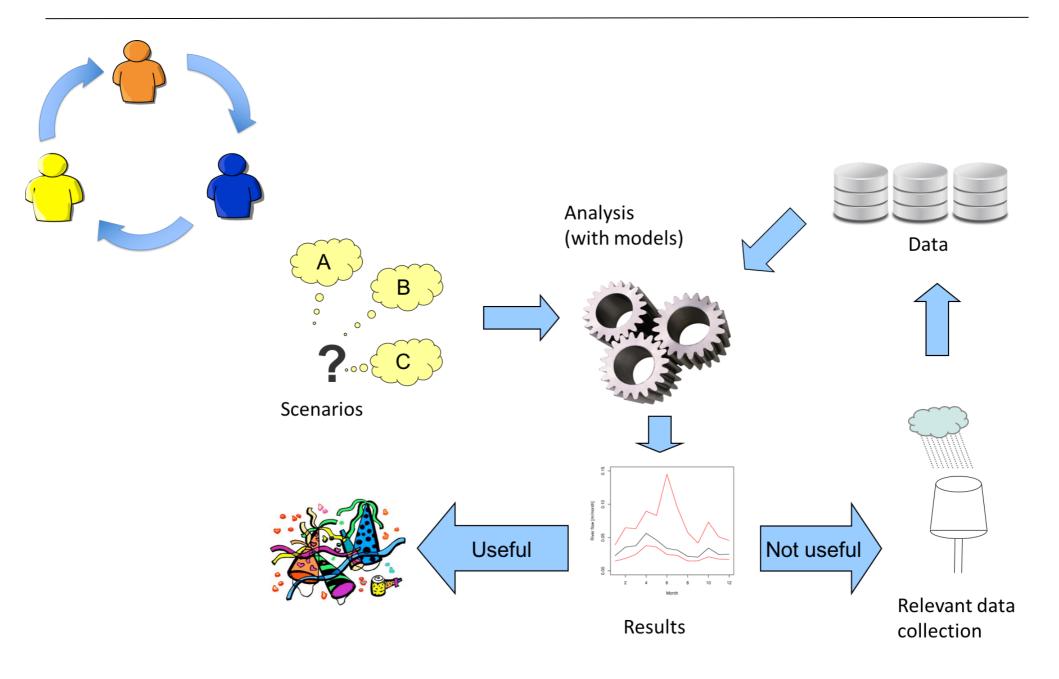


The science – policy interface

The "classic model"

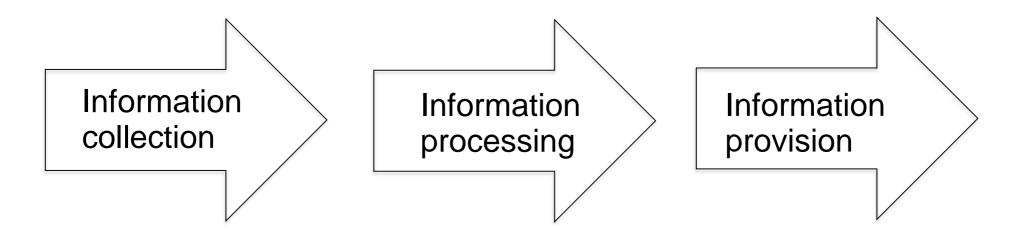


A polycentric, multidirectional and interactive model



Conceptualization

Actionable knowledge generation



Multi-level monitoring, data collection & citizen science

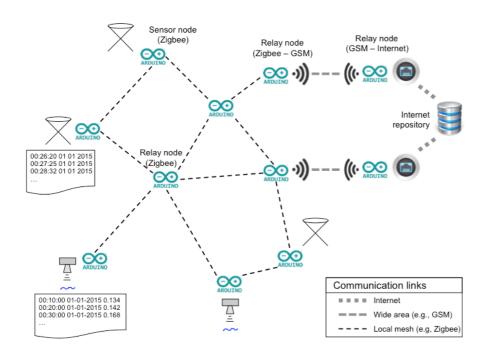
Modular and distributed workflow construction, simulation, and prediction

De-centralized communication and policy support systems

Polycentric governance of natural resources

New technologies for environmental sensing

Sensor networks

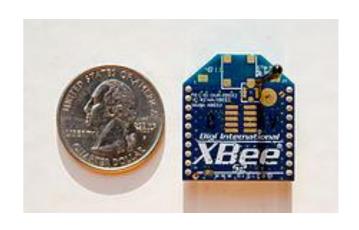




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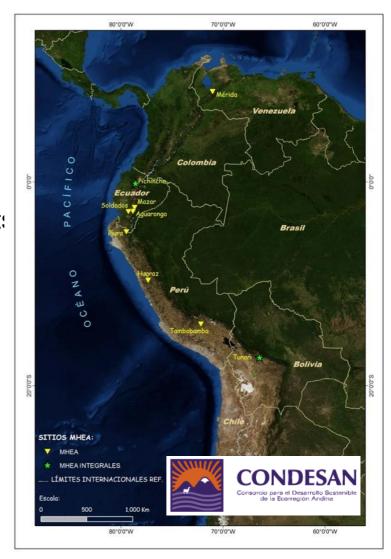




Participatory monitoring

- Precipitation and river discharge
- Responding to local questions on land-use impacts
- Local buy-in and participation

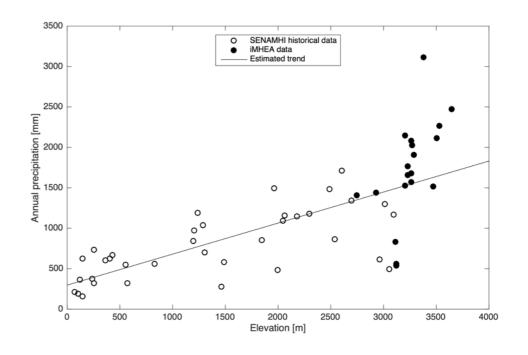






Information collection: new institutional dynamics

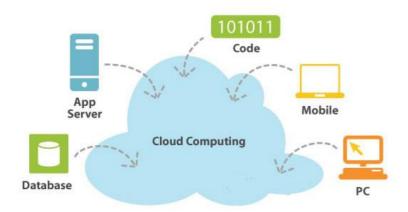
- Potential to break open traditional and formal monitoring silos
- Multilevel, multipurpose
- Complementarity vs. resilience
- Adaptive governance
- Trust, credibility, acceptance
- "Polycentric monitoring"

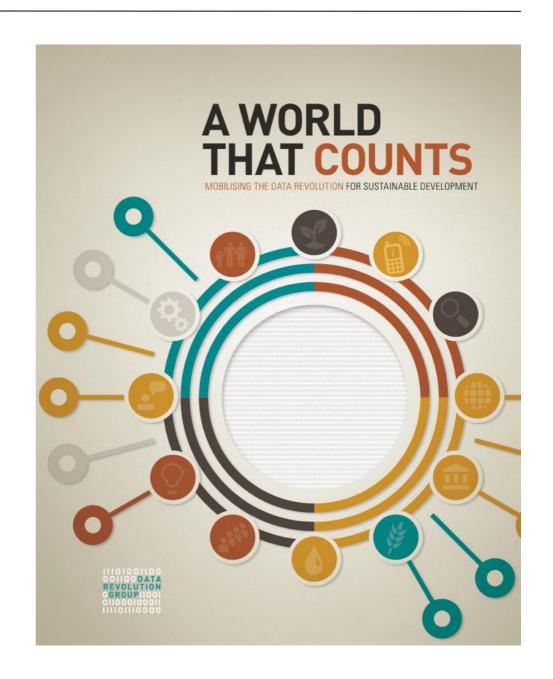


Buytaert, W., Dewulf, A., De Bièvre, B., Clark, J., & Hannah, D. M. (2016). Citizen Science for Water Resources Management: Toward Polycentric Monitoring and Governance? Journal of Water Resources Planning and Management, 01816002.

Information processing: new technologies

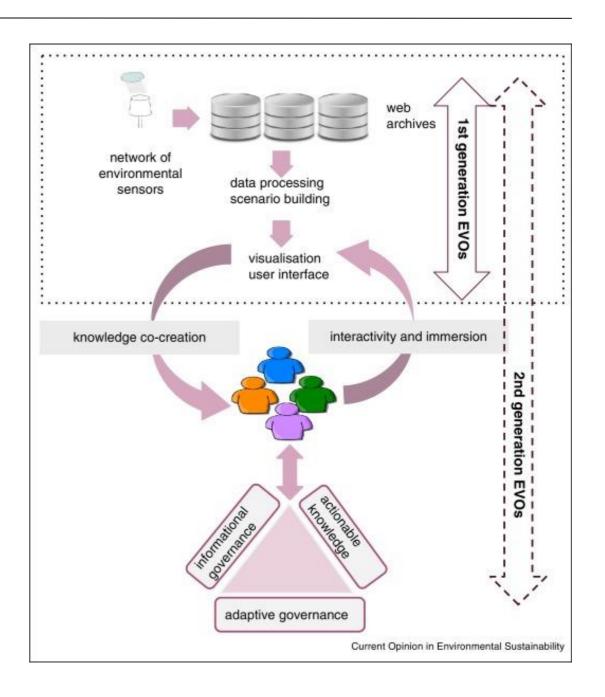
- web technologies
- Cloud computing
- Big data
- Web-based processing and modelling
- Model coupling, uncertainty analysis, uncertainty propagation





Information processing: new policy dynamics

- ICT, web technologies
- Multilevel, multipurpose, multidirectional
- Integration of heterogeneous data & knowledge
- Polycentric models of data curation, knowledge co-generation, and governance





Simulating the impact of land-use changes

This system allows you to simulate the impact of land-use changes in the Pacaipampa basin. Select the land-use scenario with the sliders below and click the simulation button. Simulations are performed in real-time using a hydrological model (topmodel).

Basin characteristics

Land use

Change the sliders from top to bottom. You cannot change the last slider. Instead change the other three.

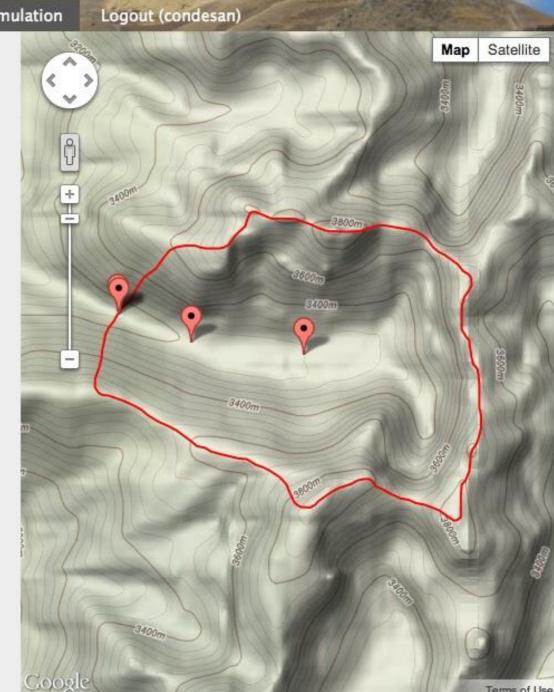
Native Forest: 159
Pine forest: 0%
Grassland: 809
Cultivation: 5%

Simulate

You can also call the modelling server directly using this link or pasting the following url in your browser:

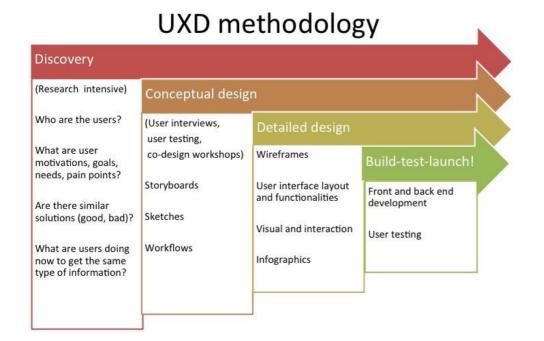
http://paramo.cc.ic.ac.uk/espa/server? Service=WPS&Version=1.0.0&Request=GetCapabilities

Note: you will need to authenticate first.



Information provision

- Visualization & communication
- User interface design
- Scenario building







Technological opportunities

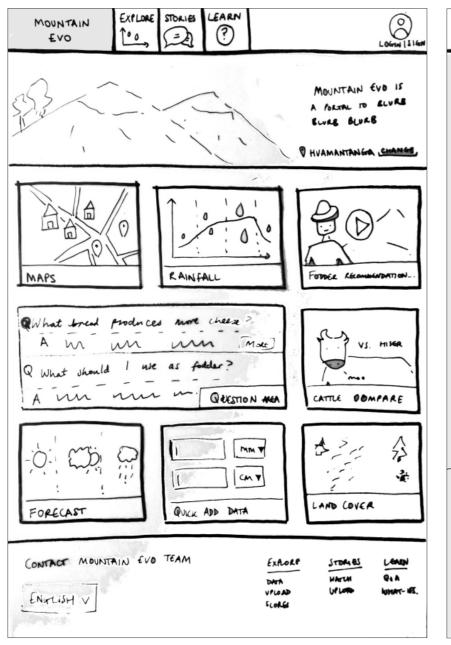


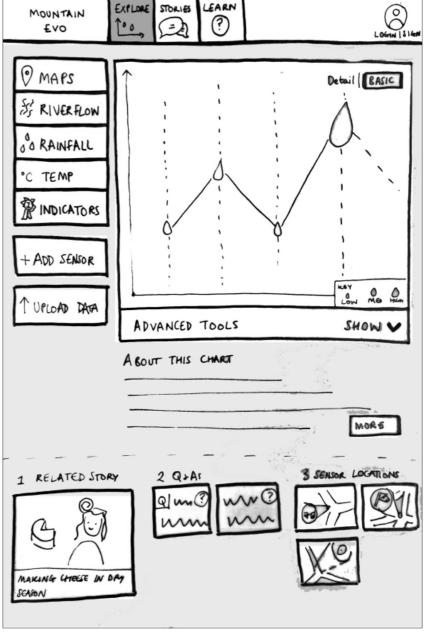




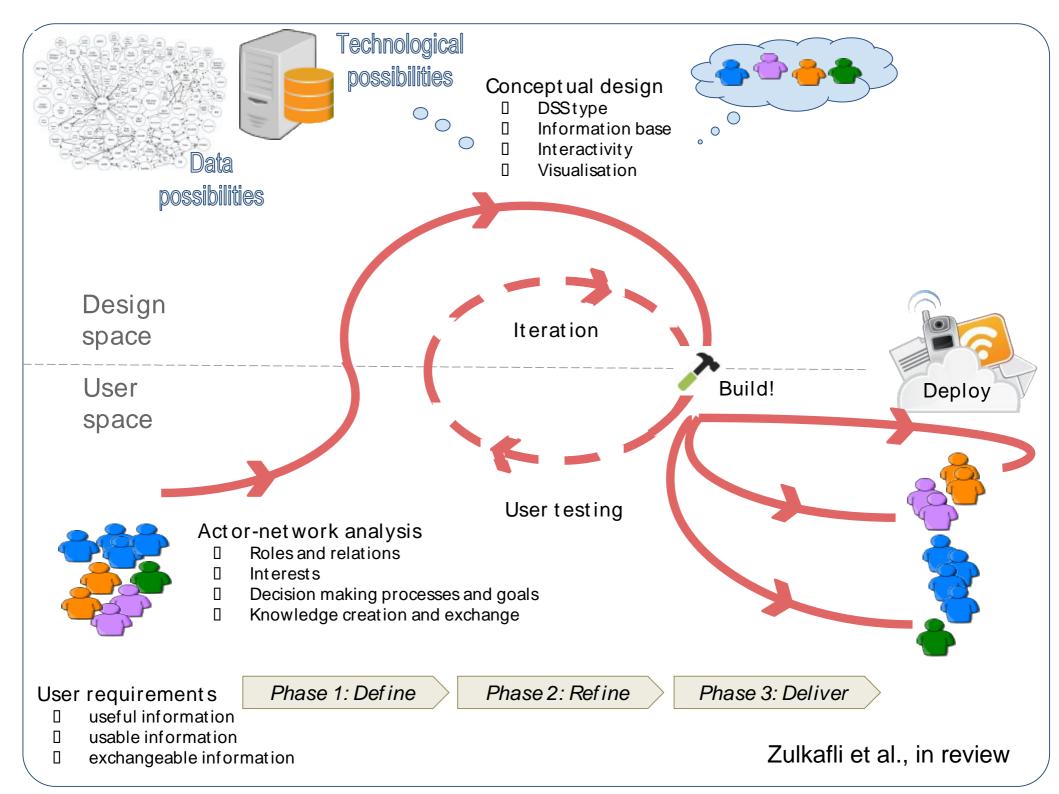


User experience design









Challenges

- Leveraging new technologies
- Ensuring a user centered approach
- Recognizing the polycentric nature of systems
- Adaptive governance & knowledge co-generation







Thank you

ESPAecosystem services for poverty alleviation

Zed Zulkafli, Bhopal Pandeya, Sam Grainger, David Hannah, Julian Clark, Art Dewulf, Timos Karpouzoglou, Johan Bastiaensen, Gert Van Hecken, Achim Schultze, Bhanu Neupane, Mark Foggin, Chris Hergarten, Munuvar Zhumanova, Aiganysh Isaeva, Deepak Paudel, Keshav Sharma, Jagat Bushal, Praju Gurung, Santosh Regmi, Tammo Steenhuis, Seifu Tilahun, Tilashwork Alemie, Bert De Bièvre, Cecilia Sandoval, Luis Acosta, Miguel Saravia

w.buytaert@imperial.ac.uk

Questions

 What are major gaps of data in your decision-making field and how can they be addressed?

 How are raw data <u>processed</u> in your decision-making field and how can this processing be made more actionable and relevant

 How is information <u>communicated</u> in your field and how can these practices be improved?